

Raychem

Specification This Issue: Date: Replaces: RT-1304 Issue 3 April 17, 1995 Issue 2

Thermofit[®] Polyolefin Molded Components Flame-Retarded. Flexible, Heat-Shrinkable

1. SCOPE

This specification covers the requirements for one type of flexible, electrical insulating molded component whose expanded dimensions will reduce to a predetermined size upon the application of heat in excess of 100°C (212°F).

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This specification takes precedence over documents referenced herein. Unless otherwise specified, the latest issue of referenced documents applies. The following documents form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein.

2.1 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED DOCUMENTS Military

MIL-G-5572 Gasoline, Aviation, Grades 80/87, 100/130, 115/145 MIL-H-5606 Hydraulic Fluid, Petroleum Base, Aircraft, Missile and Ordnance MIL-T-5624 Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Grades JP-4 and JP-5

MIL-STD-105 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

2.2 OTHER PUBLICATIONS

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

- D 149 Standard Methods of Tests for Dielectric Breakdown Voltage and Dielectric
 Strength of Electrical Insulating Materials at Commercial Power Frequencies
- D 257 Standard Methods of Test for D-C Resistance or Conductance of Insulating Material.
- D 412 Standard Method of Tests for Rubber Properties in Tension
- D 570 Standard Methods of Test for Water Absorption of Plastics
- D 635 Standard Methods of Test for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Self-Supporting Plastics in a Horizontal Position
- D 747 Standard Methods of Test for Stiffness of Plastics by Means of a Cantilever Beam
- D 792 Standard Methods of Test for Specific Gravity and Density of Plastics by Displacement
- D 2240 Standard Method of Tests for Rubber Property-Durometer Hardness
- D 2671 Standard Methods of Testing Heat Shrinkable Tubing for Electrical Use
- G 21 Recommended Practice for Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi

(Copies of ASTM Publications may be obtained from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103.)

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 MATERIAL

The molded components shall be fabricated from a crosslinked, thermally stabilized, flame resistant, modified polyolefin composition. They shall be homogeneous and essentially free from flaws, defects, pinholes, bubbles, seams, cracks, and inclusions.

3.2 COLOR

The molded components shall be black.

3.3 PROPERTIES

The molded components and the material from which they are fabricated shall meet the requirements of Table 1.

4. **QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS**

4.1 CLASSIFICATION OF TESTS

4.1.1 Qualification Tests

Qualification tests are those performed on molded slabs and components submitted for qualification as satisfactory products and shall consist of all tests listed in this specification.

4.1.2 <u>Acceptance Tests</u>

Acceptance tests are those performed on molded slabs and components submitted for acceptance under contract. Acceptance tests shall consist of the following: dimensional recovery, tensile strength, ultimate elongation, heat shock, and flammability.

4.2 SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

4 2.1 Qualification Test Samples

Qualification test samples shall consist of six molded slabs, $6 \times 6 \times 0.075 \pm 0.010$ inches (152 x 152 x 1.9 \pm .25mm) and the number of molded components specified. The molded slabs shall be fabricated from the same lot of material and shall be subjected to the same degree of crosslinking as the molded components.

4.2.2 <u>Acceptance Test Samples</u>

Acceptance test samples shall consist of specimens cut from a molded slab 6 x 6 x 0.075 \pm 0.010 inches (152 x 152 x 1.9 \pm .25 mm), and molded components selected at random in accordance with MIL-STD-105, Inspection Level S-2, AQL 6.5 percent. The molded slab shall be fabricated from the same lot of material and shall be subjected to the same degree of crosslinking as the molded components. A lot of components shall consist of all molded components from the same lot of material, from the same production run, and offered for inspection at the same time.

4.3 TEST PROCEDURES

4.3.1 Dimensional Recovery

Samples of molded components, as supplied, shall be measured for dimensions in accordance with ASTM D 2671. The samples then shall be conditioned for 10 minutes in a 150 ± 2 °C (302 ± 4 °F) oven, or equivalent, cooled to room temperature and remeasured.

4.3.2 Elastic Memory

A 6 x 1/8-inch (152 x 3.2-mm) specimen cut from a molded slab shall be marked with two parallel gage lines 1 inch (25 mm) apart in the central portion of the specimen. The distance between gage lines shall be recorded as the original length. A 2-inch (51-mm) portion of the specimen including both gage lines then shall be heated for 1 minute in a $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C (302 \pm 4°F) oven, or equivalent, removed from the oven and stretched within 10 seconds, until the gage lines are 4 inches (102 mm) apart. The extended specimen shall be cooled to room temperature and released from tension. After 24 hours at room temperature, the distance between the gage lines shall be measured and recorded as the extended length. The portion of the specimen including both gage lines then shall be reheated for 1 minute in a $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C (302 \pm 4°F) oven, or equivalent, and the distance between gage lines then shall be measured and recorded as the retracted length.

Expansion and retraction shall be calculated as follows:

$$E = \frac{L e-Lo}{Lo} \times 100$$

$$R = \frac{L e - Lr}{Le - Lo}$$
 x 100

Where: E = Expansion (percent)

R = Retraction (percent)

Lo= Original Length (inches) (mm)

Le= Extended Length inches (mm)

Lr = Retracted Length (inches) (mm)

4.3.3 Tensile Strength and Ultimate Elongation

Three specimens cut from a molded slab using Die D of ASTM D 412 shall be tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with ASTM D 412.

4.3.4 <u>Low Temperature Flexibility</u>

Three 6 x 1/4-inch (152 x 6.3-mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be conditioned, along with a 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) mandrel, in a cold chamber at -55 + 2°C (-67 \pm 4°F) for 4 hours. After completion of the conditioning, and while still in the cold chamber, each specimen shall be bent around the mandrel through not tess than 360 degrees (6.28 rads) within 10 ± 2 seconds. The specimens then shall be visually examined for cracks.

4.3.5 Heat Shock

Three 6 x 1/4-inch (152×6.3 -mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be conditioned for 4 hours in a 225 ± 5 °C (437 ± 9 °F) mechanical convection oven with an air velocity of from 100 to 200 feet per minute past the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be removed from the oven, cooled to room temperature, and bent through 360 degrees (6.38 rads) over a 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) diameter mandrel. The specimens then shall be visually examined for evidence of dripping, flowing or cracking.

4.3.6 <u>Heat Aging</u>

Three specimens, prepared and measured in accordance with 4.3.3 shall be conditioned for 168 hours in a 175 ± 5 °C $(347 \pm 9$ °F) mechanical convection oven with an air velocity of 100 to 200 feet per minute past the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be removed from the oven, cooled to room temperature, and tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with 4.3.3.

4.3.7 Corrosive Effect

Three 1 x 1/4-inch (25.4 x 6.3-mm) specimens cut from a molded slab shall be tested for corrosive effect in accordance with ASTM D 2671, Procedure A. The specimens shall be conditioned for 16 hours at $175 \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ (347 $\pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$).

4.3.8 Fluid Resistance

Three specimens prepared and measured in accordance with 4.3.3 shall be completely immersed in each of the test fluids listed in Table I for 24 hours at 25 + 3 °C (77 + 5 °F). The volume of the fluid shall be not less than 20 times that of the specimens. After conditioning, the specimens shall be lightly wiped and then air-dried for 30 to 60 minutes at room temperature. The specimens then shall be tested for tensile strength and ultimate elongation in accordance with 4.3.3.

4.4 REJECTION AND RETEST

Failure of any sample to comply with any one of the requirements of this specification shall be cause for rejection of the lot represented. Material which has been rejected may be replaced or reworked to correct the defect and then resubmitted for acceptance. Before resubmitting, full particulars concerning the rejection and the action taken to correct the defect shall be furnished to the inspector.

5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY

5. 1 PACKAGING

Packaging of molded components shall be in accordance with good commercial practice. The shipping container shall be not less than 125 pound test fiberboard.

5.2 MARKING

Each molded component shall be distinctly identified with the manufacturing name or symbol and the manufacturers part number.

TABLE 1 Requirements

| PROPERTY | UNIT | REQUIREMENTS | TEST METHOD |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
| PHYSICAL | | | |
| Dimensions | Inches (mm) | In accordance with applicable | Section 4.3.1 |
| | | specification control drawing | ASTM D 2671 |
| Dimensional Recovery | Inches (mm) | In accordance with applicable | |
| | , , | specification control drawing | |
| Elastic Memory | Percent | 275 minimum expansion | Section 4.3.2 |
| | | 93 minimum retraction | |
| Tensile Strength | psi (MPa) | 1200 minimum (8.27) | Section 4.3.3 |
| Ultimate Elongation | Percent | 250 minimum | ASTM D 412 |
| Stiffness | psi (MPa) | 10,000 maximum (68.9) | ASTM D 747 |
| Specific Gravity | | 1.40 maximum | ASTM D 792 |
| Hardness | Shore D | 40 ± 5 | ASTM D 2240 |
| Low Temperature Flexibility | | | Section 4.3.4 |
| | | No cracking | Section 4.3.4 |
| 4 hours at -55°C (-67°F) Heat Shock | | No deigning floreity and 1 | Section 4.3.5 |
| | | No dripping, flowing o cracking. | Section 4.3.5 |
| 4 hours at 225°C (437°F) | | | G : 12 (|
| Heat Aging | | | Section 4.3.6 |
| 168hours at 175°C (347°F) | | | |
| Followed by tests for: | | | |
| Tensile Strength | psi (MPa) | 1000 minimum (6.89) | Section 4.3.3 |
| Ultimate Elongation | Percent | 200 minimum | |
| ELECTRICAL | | | |
| Dielectric Strength | Volts/mil | 225 minimum (8.9) | ASTM D 149 |
| | (kV/mm) | | |
| Volume Resistivity | ohm-cm | 10 ¹² minimum | ASTM D 257 |
| CHEMICAL | | | |
| Corrosive Effect | | Non corrosive | Section 4.3.7 |
| 16 hours at 175°C (347°F) | | | ASTM D 2671 |
| | | | Procedure A |
| Flammability | | | ASTM D 635 |
| Average Time of Burning | Seconds | 120 maximum | |
| Average Extent of Burning | Inches (mm) | 1 maximum <i>(25)</i> | |
| Fungus Resistance | | Rating of 1 or less | ASTM G 21 |
| Water Absorption | | 5 | |
| 24 hours at 23°C (73°F) | Percent | 0.5 maximum | ASTM D 570 |
| Fluid Resistance | | | Section 4.3.8 |
| 24 hours at 23°C (73°F) in: | | | Section 1.3.0 |
| JP-4 Fuel (MIL-T-5624) | | | |
| Skydrol* 500 | | | |
| Hydraulic Fluid (MIL-H-5606) | | | |
| Aviation Gasoline (100/130) | | | |
| (MIL-G-5572) | | | |
| Water | | | |
| Followed by tests for: | | | |
| Tensile Strength | psi (MPa) | 750 minimum <i>(5.22)</i> | Section 4.3.3 |
| | * ` ` | | Section 4.3.3 |
| Ultimate Elongation | Percent | 200 minimum | 1 |

^{*}Trademark of the Monsanto Company.