



# MEAS TEMPERATURE SYSTEMS SENSOR (TSYS01) DIGITAL COMPONENT SENSOR (DCS) DRIVER FOR MicroZed

Digital Temperature Sensor Software Development Kit

Detailed example software and drivers are available that execute directly, without modification, on a number of development boards that support an integrated or synthesized microprocessor. The download contains several source files intended to accelerate customer evaluation and design. The source code is written in standard ANSI C format, and all development documentation including theory/operation, register description, and function prototypes are documented in the interface file.

## **Specifications**

- ◆ Measures temperature from -40°C to 125°C
- ◆ I<sup>2</sup>C communication
- ◆ Fully calibrated
- ◆ Fast response time
- Very low power consumption

#### Reference Material

- Detailed information regarding operation of the IC: TSYS01 Datasheet
- Detailed information regarding the Peripheral Module: TSYS01 Peripheral Module
- Complete software sensor evaluation kit for MicroZed: TSYS01 MicroZed.zip

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#### **Drivers & Software**

Detailed example software and drivers are available that execute directly, without modification, on a number of development boards that support an integrated or synthesized microprocessor. The download contains several source files intended to accelerate customer evaluation and design. The source code is written in standard ANSI C format, and all development documentation including theory/operation, register description, and function prototypes are documented in the interface file.

## **Functions Summary**

Enumerations	
enum	tsys01_address { tsys01_i2c_address_csb_0, tsys01_i2c_address_csb_1 }
enum	tsys01_status { tsys01_status_ok, tsys01_status_i2c_transfer_error }
Functions	
void	tsys01_init (u32)
	Initializes the AXI address of the AXI IIC Core and sets the default I <sup>2</sup> C address to 0x77.
void	tsys01_set_address (enum tsys01_address)
	Sets the I <sup>2</sup> C address of the device.
enum tsys01_status	tsys01_reset (void)
	Sends I <sup>2</sup> C reset command to the TSYS01 device.
enum tsys01_status	tsys01_read_prom (void)
	Reads the factory calibrated coefficients for use in temperature conversion.
enum tsys01_status	tsys01_read_temperature (float *)
	Reads the temperature ADC value and computes the compensated value in degrees Celsius.

# **Project Setup**

This project is based on the MicroZed board with I/O carrier card. The FPGA hardware and the console application will be loaded via micro SD card.

You will need:

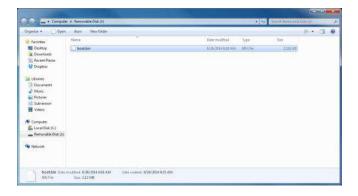
- ◆ MicroZed board
- ◆ I/O carrier card
- ◆ TSYS01 sensor for Digilent Pmod™ board
- ◆ Micro SD card
- ◆ I/O carrier card power adapter
- ◆ USB-to-MicroUSB cable for UART communications
- A computer with a card reader to write to the SD card and to host a terminal emulator

The following steps will guide you through setting up the hardware platform:

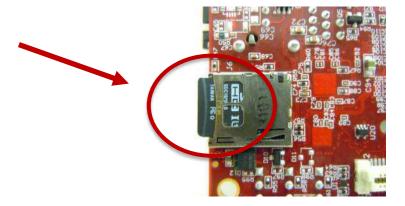
1. First, if you have not connected your computer to a ZedBoard or MicroZed device before, you will likely need to download and install the Silicon Labs CP2104 USB-to\_UART driver. The setup guide for installing the driver can be found at the address below: http://www.zedboard.org/sites/default/files/documentations/CP210x\_Setup\_Guide\_1\_2.pdf

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2. Next, attach the SD card to your computer via a card reader or through the built-in SD card slot. Download the "boot.bin" file that pertains to the TSYS01 from the software link and copy it onto the SD card so that it is the only file present on the file system.



3. Safely eject the micro SD card from your computer. Insert the micro SD card into the card slot on the back of the MicroZed board.

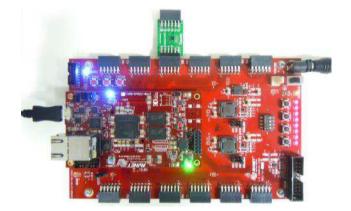


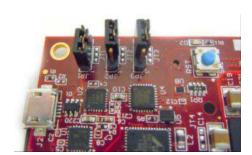
4. Carefully line up the MicroZed board with the I/O carrier card and push them together until snug.



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5. Connect the TSYS01 Digital Temperature Sensor to the "JC" Digilent Pmod™ port of the I/O carrier card, ensure that jumpers J1, J2, and J3 are configure such that the MicroZed will boot from the SD card on start up, and connect the power adapter to the barrel jack on the I/O carrier card (shown on the bottom). Finally connect the micro-USB cable to the micro-USB port of the MicroZed (shown at the top). The USB cable will facilitate UART transmissions for the console application.





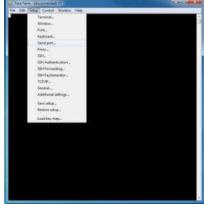
6. Turn on the power to the board with the switch next to the barrel jack. When the board powers up, the MicroZed will briefly illuminate a red LED, which will then turn off after less than a second. Once the FPGA has been successfully programmed by the boot image on the SD card, a blue "Done" LED will illuminate on both the MicroZed and the I/O carrier card. Your hardware should appear as shown below. If the board was powered on before this step, turn the power off and repeat this step.

# Launching the Console Application

Now that you have successfully set up your hardware platform, you are ready to run the console application.

- 1. Upon power-on, the console application should already be running. It will be necessary to open a terminal and configure a serial connection to interact with the console application. Do this by opening tera term or a similar terminal emulation software package.
- 2. Tera term may display an error when it starts up if it tries to connect to a COM port where no device is present. It is safe to ignore this warning, so click OK. Next, open the "Setup" menu and click the "Serial Port..." option.
- 3. Now select the appropriate COM port that your MicroZed setup is connected to. If you are not sure which this is, refer to the Device Manager. Configure your serial connection with 115200 Baud, 8 bit data, no parity, 1 stop bit, and no flow control, and then click OK.

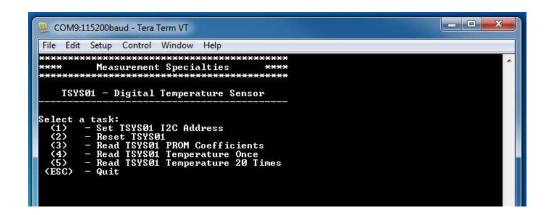






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4. You should now have a live connection open to the console application running on the MicroZed. Press enter and the console application will display the main menu from which you can perform several tasks on the TSYS01 Digital Temperature sensor.



# Running the Console Application

The console application is intended to demonstrate the required operations when using the sensor.

- a. The TSYS01 software must have an I<sup>2</sup>C address set or it may not function. Do this by selecting (1) BEFORE performing any other options.
- b. Second, after startup, it is a good idea to reset the sensor. This puts it in a known state. Do this by selecting (2) in the console application.
- c. Each sensor is tested at the factory to determine the variation of the sensor due to fabrication. Calibration coefficients are stored in the device at that time for later use in calculating the correct output. These coefficient values must be read from the device and stored in software variables before temperature measurements can be taken. Do this by selecting (3) in the console application.

Now the sensor and the software are setup. These first three steps only need to be performed once at power up.

- d. The console application option (4) reads the temperature once.
- e. The console application option (5) reads the temperature 20 times at approximately two measurements per second and displays them to the screen in real time.

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### **Application Code**

This section is intended to provide a basic example of functionality.

```
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st AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
*/
* MEAS_TSYS01_Main.c: Console Application for Testing the TSYS01
* This application configures UART 16550 to baud rate 9600.
* PS7 UART (Zynq) is not initialized by this application, since
^{st} bootrom/bsp configures it to baud rate 115200
* | UART TYPE BAUD RATE
 * uartns550 9600
 * uartlite Configurable only in HW design
 * ps7_uart 115200 (configured by bootrom/bsp)
#include <stdio.h>
#include "platform.h"
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "sleep.h"
#include "tsys01.h"
void tsys01_main_menu(void);
int main()
   char key input;
   char prom_read_flag=0;
   int i;
   tsys01_status stat;
    float temperature;
   //Initialize the UART
   init platform();
   // Set the AXI address of the IIC core and
   // initialize the i2c address to 0x77
   tsys01_init(XPAR_AXI_IIC_JC_BASEADDR);
   // Display the main menu
   tsys01_main_menu();
   // Infinite loop
   while(1){
       // Get keyboard input
        read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
```

```
if(key_input == '1'){
                                 //If the '1' key is pressed
   // Display address selection menu
   printf("\n");
   printf("Select an address:\n");
   printf(" (0) - CSB is set low (Address=0x77)\n");
   printf(" (1) - CSB is set high (Address=0x76)\n");
   // Get keyboard input ignoring keypresses that are not '0' or '1'
   read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
   while(key_input!='0' && key_input!='1'){
       read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
   if(key_input == '0'){
                               // If the '0' key is pressed
       // Set i2c address to 0x77
       tsys01_set_address(tsys01_i2c_address_csb_0);
       printf("Set TSYS01 I2C Address to 0x77 (CSB low)\n");
   // Set i2c address to 0x76
       tsys01_set_address(tsys01_i2c_address_csb_1);
       printf("Set TSYS01 I2C Address to 0x76 (CSB high)\n");
   \ensuremath{//} Wait for another key press and then display the main menu again
   printf("\nPress any key to continue...\n");
   read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
   tsys01_main_menu();
}else if(key_input == '2'){
                           //If the '2' key is pressed
   // Send the reset command to the TSYS01
   printf("\n");
   printf("Resetting TSYS01...\n");
   stat = tsys01_reset();
   \ensuremath{//} Display the status returned from the reset operation
   printf("TSYS01 Reset Complete with status: ");
   if(stat==tsys01_status_ok)
       printf("0k.\n");
   if(stat==tsys01_status_i2c_transfer_error)
       printf("Transfer Error.\n");
   // Wait for another key press and then display the main menu again
   printf("\nPress any key to continue...\n");
   read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
   tsys01_main_menu();
}else if(key_input == '3'){
                                // If the '3' key is pressed
   // Read the PROM coefficients from the TSYS01
   printf("\n");
   printf("Reading PROM Coefficients...\n");
   stat = tsys01_read_prom();
   // Display status returned from read_prom operation
   // and display prom values if successful
   printf("Read PROM Complete with status: ");
   if(stat==tsys01_status_ok){
      prom read flag=1;
       printf("0k.\n");
       printf("\n");
       printf("_
       \label{eq:printf("| PROM Addr | Coeff (Base 10)| Coeff (Hex) | \n");}
       printf("|-----|\n");
       for(i=0;i<5;i++){
          printf("|\t%d\t| %5d\t| %5x\t|\n",i,(unsigned int)tsys01_prom_coeffs[i],(unsigned int)tsys01_prom_coeffs[i]);
   }else if(stat==tsys01_status_i2c_transfer_error){
       printf("Transfer Error.\n");
```

```
// Wait for another key press and then display the main menu again
    printf("\nPress any key to continue...\n");
    read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
    tsys01_main_menu();
}else if(key_input == '4'){
                                  // If the '4' key is pressed
    if(prom_read_flag==0){
                                   // PROM was not yet read--cannot read temperature yet
        printf("PROM Coefficients have not yet been read. Cannot complete temperature read.\n");
    }else{
                                   // PROM has been read--continue on to read temperature
       // Read one temperature value
        printf("\n");
       printf("Reading Temperature Value...\n");
        stat = tsys01_read_temperature(&temperature);
       // Display the status returned from the read temperature
        // operation and display the temperature if successful
        printf("Temperature Read Complete with status: ");
        if(stat==tsys01_status_ok){
           printf("0k.\n");
            printf("Temperature : %5.2f%cC\n",temperature,248);
        }else if(stat==tsys01_status_i2c_transfer_error){
           printf("Transfer Error.\n");
        }
    }
    \ensuremath{//} Wait for another key press and then display the main menu again
    printf("\nPress any key to continue...\n");
    read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
    tsys01_main_menu();
}else if(key_input == '5'){
                                   // If the '5' key is pressed
    if(prom_read_flag==0){
                                   // PROM was not yet read--cannot read temperature yet
        printf("PROM Coefficients have not yet been read. Cannot complete temperature reads.\n");
                                   // PROM has been read--continue on to read temperatures
    }else{
       // Read 20 temperature values at ~2 per second
        printf("\n");
        printf("Reading 20 Temperature Values...\n");
        for(i=0;i<20;i++){
            stat = tsys01_read_temperature(&temperature);
            if(stat==tsys01 status ok){
               printf("%2d: %5.2f%cC\n",i+1,temperature,248);
                   printf("Transfer Error.\n");
            usleep(490000);
        }
    // Wait for another key press and then display the main menu again
    printf("\nPress any key to continue...\n");
    read(1, (char*)&key_input, 1);
    tsys01_main_menu();
}else if(key_input == 27){  // If the 'ESC' key is pressed
    // Print done and exit.
    printf("Done.\n");
   break:
}else{
                           // If some other key is pressed
    // Redisplay the main menu
    tsys01_main_menu();
```

```
return 0;
void tsys01_main_menu(void){
  //Clear the screen
  printf("\033[2J");
  //Display the main menu
  printf("**** Measurement Specialties ****\n");
   printf("\n");
  printf(" TSYS01 - Digital Temperature Sensor \n");
  printf("-----\n");
  printf("\n");
  printf("Select a task:\n");
  printf(" (1) - Set TSYS01 I2C Address\n");
  printf(" (2) - Reset TSYS01\n");
  printf(" (3) - Read TSYS01 PROM Coefficients\n");
  printf(" (4) - Read TSYS01 Temperature Once\n");
  printf(" (5) - Read TSYS01 Temperature 20 Times\n");
  printf(" (ESC) - Quit\n");
  printf("\n");
  return:
```

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