

HWK6/6 Insert

Table of contents

1. INTRODUCTION	2
2. SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS	2
2.1. Customer drawings	2
2.2. Product specification	2
2.3. Application Specification	2
2.4. Standards	2
3. DESCRIPTION	3
4. REQUIREMENTS	3
4.1. Wire selection and preparation	3
4.1.1. Stripping length L	3
4.1.2. Insulation diameter	4
4.2. Assemble wires to inserts	4
4.2.1. Inserts of screw termination type	4
4.3. Cable length inside the housing	5
5. ASSEMBLY	6
5.1. Contact inserts	6
5.2. Grounding	7
5.3. Marking	8
5.4. Polarization function	8
6. STORAGE	9
6.1. Chemical exposure	9
6.2. Storage condition	9

1. INTRODUCTION

This specification contains the regulations for assembly of HWK6/6 contact inserts and the handling of these inserts.

2. SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

2.1. Customer drawings

Please refer to the customer drawings of HWK6/6 insert.

2.2. Product specification

The product specifications of the used articles are to be taken into account. The product specification describes the technical data as e.g. regulations, approvals, temperature range and rated voltage.

For further reference refer Product spec. 108-137126.

2.3. Application Specification

Connectors shall be assembled as below mentioned application specifications to ensure correct connector assembly.

2.4. Standards

- EN 61984: Connectors - Safety requirements and tests
- IEC 60664-1: Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems (Part 1)
- IEC 60999-1: Electrical copper conductors- Safety requirements for the clamping units for conductors

3. DESCRIPTION

This application specification describes the male insert and the female insert of the “HWK6/6” series.

The listed terms are used in the specification as shown HWK6/6 as example in figure 1.

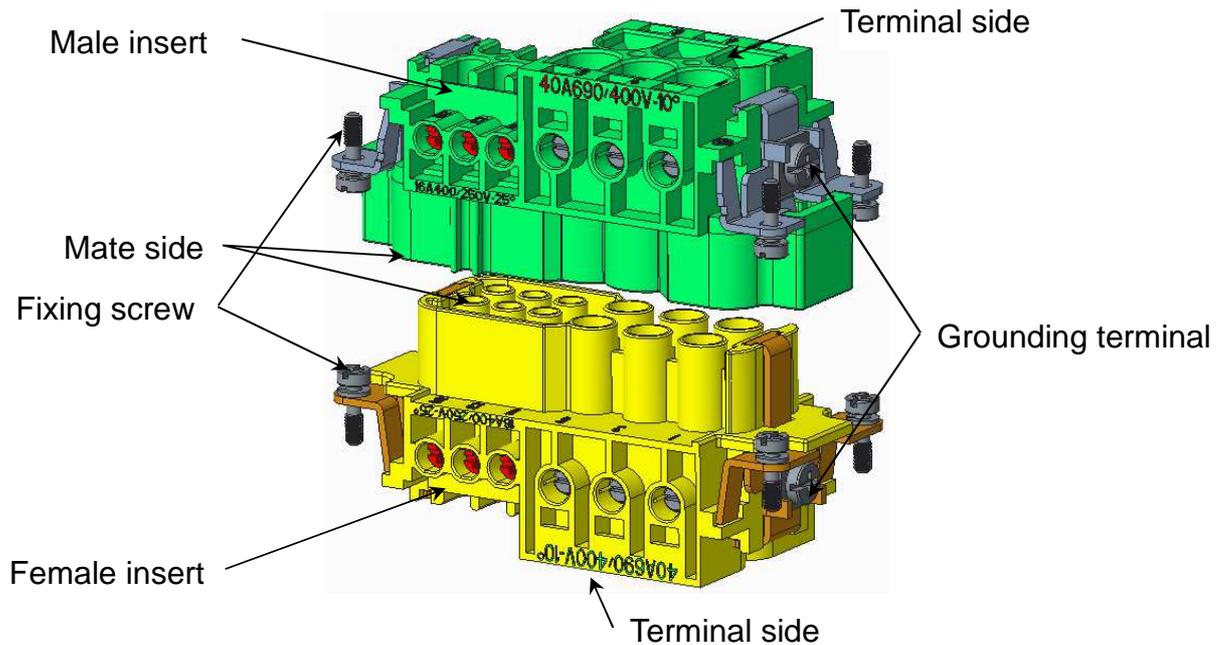


Figure: 1

4. REQUIREMENTS

4.1. Wire selection and preparation

4.1.1. Stripping length L

Use proper tooling to strip the wire.

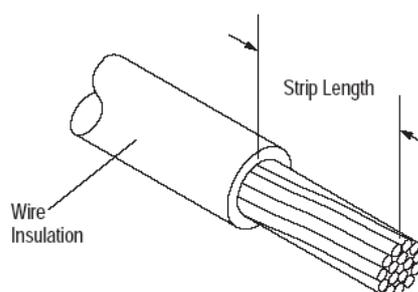


Figure: 2

NOTE When stripping the wire, care must be taken to avoid scraping, nicking, or cutting the conductor. Care must also be used when handling the wire during stripping to prevent cracking or breaking the conductor and insulation.

Depending upon the cross section of the wire or cable, the stripping length has to be selected from the table below. See Table 1.

Table: 1

Contact Insert	Max. Wire cross section		Strip Length For Reference	Current /Voltage Rating
	[mm ²]	AWG	L [mm]	
HWK6/6-012-M/F Power	≤10 mm ²	6	10.0	40A / 690V
HWK6/6-012-M/F Signal	≤2.5 mm ²	14	7.5	16A / 400V

4.1.2. Insulation diameter

Any wire that is used for the Electrical purpose is covered with insulating polymer. This insulation on the wires depends upon the wire size and type of application where it is being used. The insulation diameter for various wire sizes is as shown in table 2 only for reference.

Table: 2

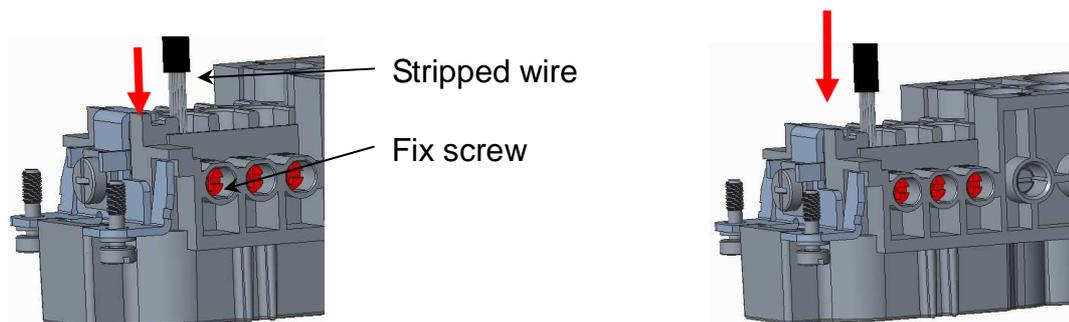
Contact Insert	Max. Wire cross section		Insulation Diameter in (mm)
	[mm ²]	AWG	
HWK6/6-012-M/F Power	≤10 mm ²	6	8.7 MAX.
HWK6/6-012-M/F Signal	≤2.5 mm ²	14	4.7 MAX.

NOTE The Insulation diameter over the wire specified in the table 2 is for the insulation concentric, with equal thickness layer over the conducting wire.

4.2. Assemble wires to inserts

4.2.1. Inserts of screw termination type

- Adjust the depth of the fix screws by a proper screw driver, so that insert the wires into the contacts completely.



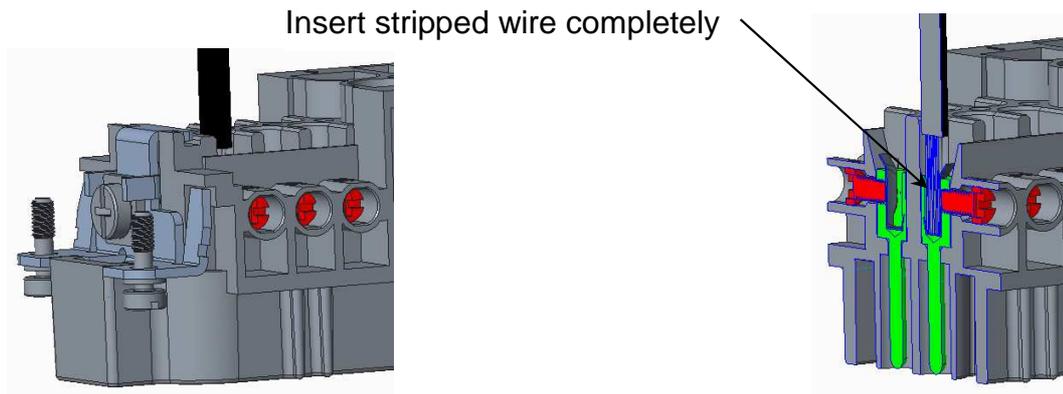


Figure: 3

- b. Use a proper screw driver to tighten the fix screw with related torque refer to table 3.

Table: 3

Contact Insert	Screw	Spec.	
		Wire range (mm ²)	2.5~10
HWK6/6-012-M/F Power	M5	Torque (Nm)	2
		Wire range (mm ²)	0.5~2.5
HWK6/6-012-M/F Signal	M3	Torque (Nm)	0.5

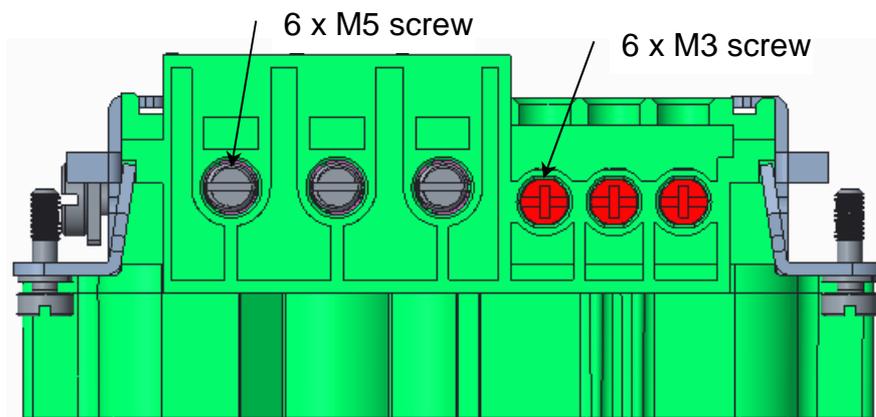


Figure: 4

- c. Repeat till wires are fully assembled.

4.3. Cable length inside the housing

For the optimal cable lay inside the housing it is necessary to make sure that the striped length is fit to used cable type; is fit to permitted bending radius of the cable and make sure that the contact insert is fit to the type of hood. For recommended cable lengths (cable entry: TOP, SIDE), please refer to the table 4. In accordance with the application it is proposed the cable length is selective to shorten (e.g., shorter cable near the cable gland longer cable at the turned off side).

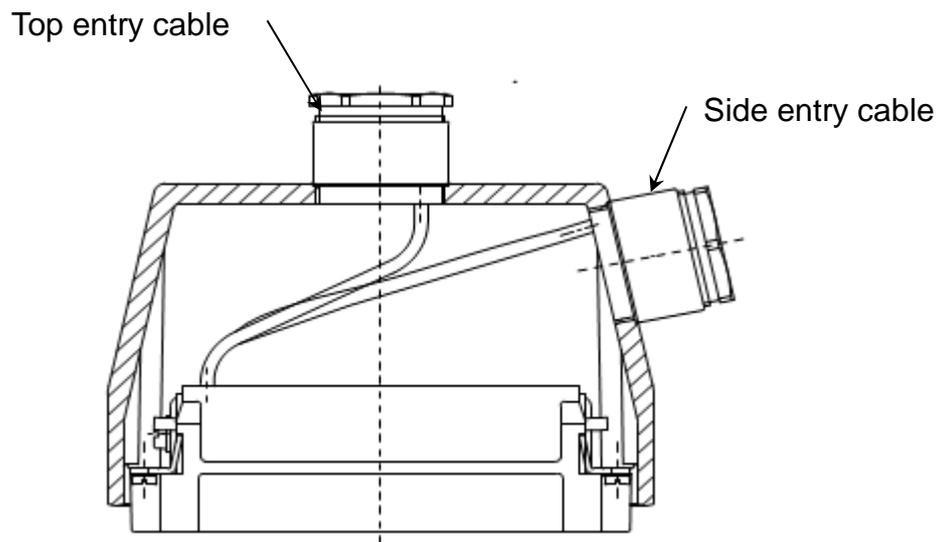


Figure: 5

Table: 4

Insert size	Hood Size	Type of hood	Cable length (mm)		Note
			Top entry cable	Side entry cable	
HWK6/6	H16B	HBPR (Central locking)	96	110	For reference only
		HBPR (Opposite angle locking)	111	125	For reference only
		HB	76	90	For reference only
		HB (High structure)	86	100	For reference only

5. ASSEMBLY

Assembling the contact inserts for both Male & Female connector has to be carried out with proper tools.

5.1. Contact inserts

The contact inserts are screwed into a corresponding hood or housing by fixing screws M3. The torque is 0.5Nm for reference. Note: * The distance for safe contact of the contact inserts is max. 21mm. See figure 6.

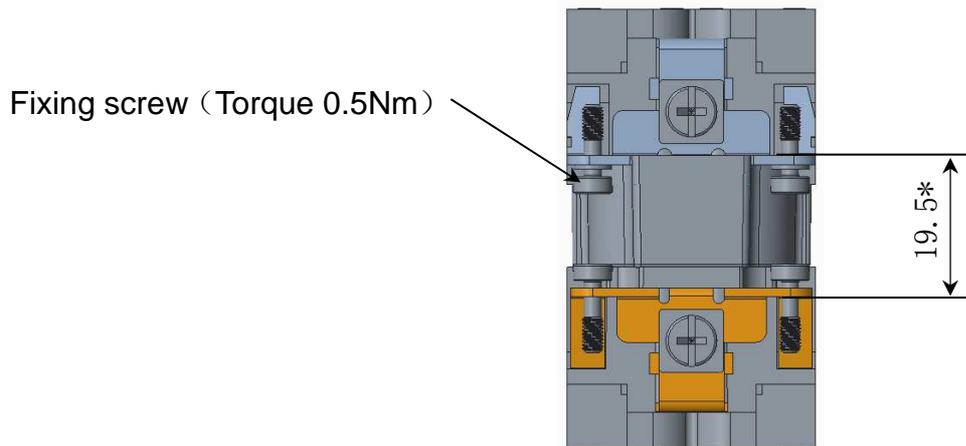


Figure: 6

◆ **Information for panel cut-out:**

Information concerning the panel cut-out for assembly of the contact inserts without housings can be taken from the customer drawings. An example of Panel cut-out looks as shown in figure 7 and the values as in table 5.

Panel cut-out dimension for HWK6/6

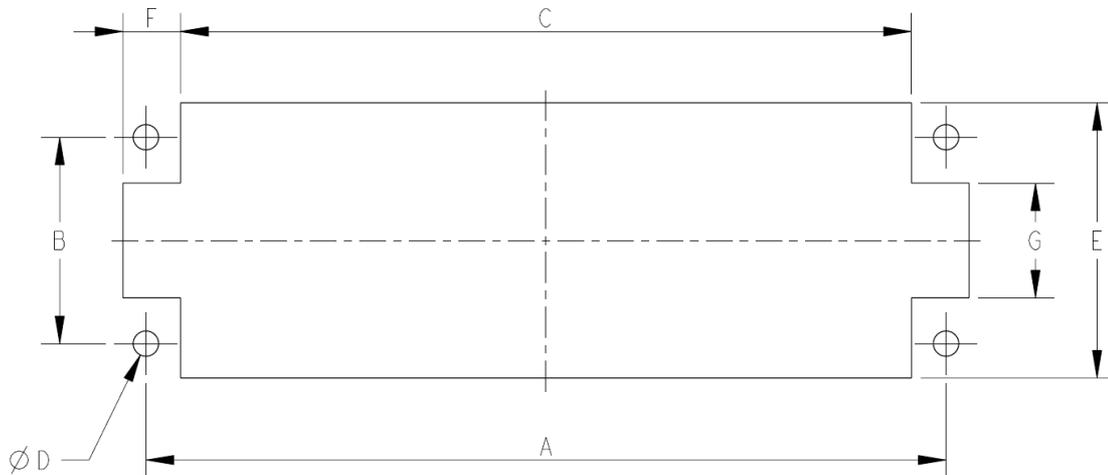


Figure: 7

Table: 5

Insert Size	Dimension (mm)						
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
HWK6/6-012-M/F	77.5	27	68.5	For M3 screw	36	4.5	14

5.2. Grounding

Fixed to the contact inserts are grounding contacts, on which with the grounding screw (M4). The cable can be locked on the earth potential. The grounding contact in an assembly is the

only part that will be having press contact with corresponding grounding contact on the other assembly near the interfacing portion of the housings.

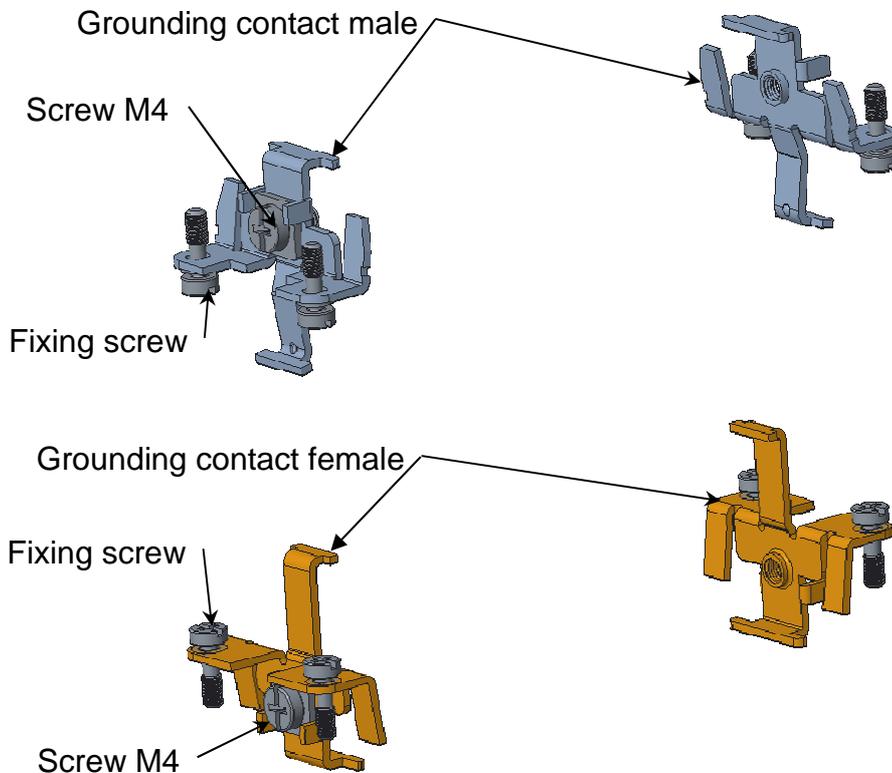


Figure: 8

This clamping point is suitable for connection of a cable with a nominal cross section of up to 4 mm². It is recommended to use cables with insulated barrels. The stripped end of the cable has to be put under the clip tab. Earthing is to be executed according to IEC 61984. Tighten torque 1.2Nm.

5.3. Marking

The connector type, rating and the number of position etc. refer to the corresponding HE insert customer drawings.

5.4. Polarization function

The process of assembling the male and female inserts without any mismatch and difficulty calls for polarization. This is done with the help of different pin layout and which are present on both the male insert as well as the female insert. As shown in figure 9.

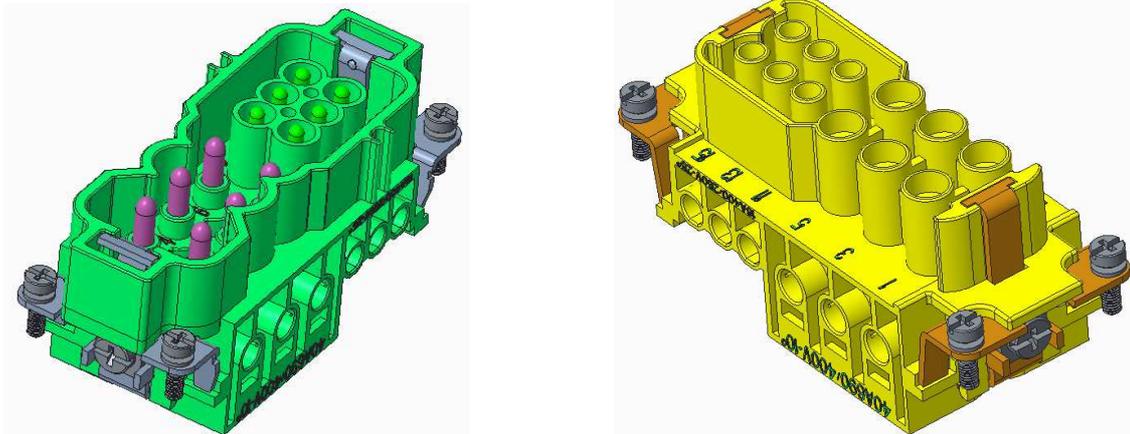


Figure: 9

6. STORAGE

6.1. Chemical exposure

Do not store the connectors near any chemical listed below as they may cause corrosion stress the connector contacts:

Alkalies, Ammonia, Citrates, Phosphates, Citrates, Sulfur, Amines, Carbonates, Nitrites, Sulfides, Nitrites, Tart rates.

6.2. Storage condition

The connectors should be stored in the air ventilation, no corrosive gas, no rain and no snow in the warehouse. Relative humidity: less than 85% RH. The connectors should remain in the shipping containers until ready for use to prevent deformation to the contacts. The connectors should be used on a first in, first out basis to avoid storage contamination that could adversely affect electrical functions.

-----END-----